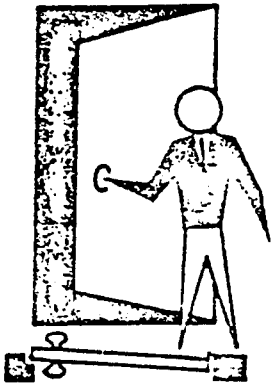
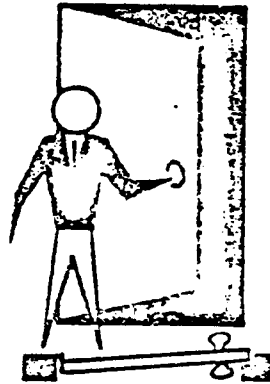




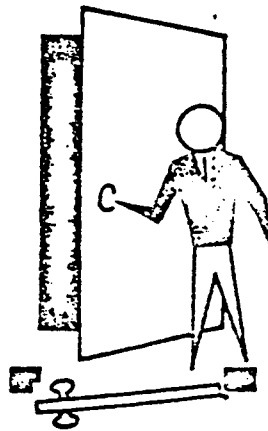
## HAND AND BEVEL OF DOORS



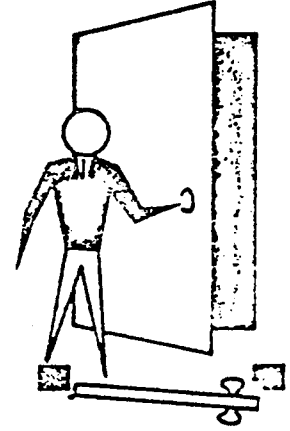
Hand of door:  
right hand (RH)



Hand of door:  
left hand (LH)



Hand of door:  
right hand reverse (RHR)



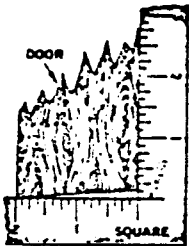
Hand of door:  
left hand reverse (LHR)

## RULES

1. The hand of a door is always determined from the outside.
2. The outside of an exterior door is the street or entrance side.
3. The outside of an auditorium door is the corridor or hall side.
4. The outside of a room door is the corridor or hall side.

5. The outside of a closet door is the room, corridor or hall side.
6. The outside of a single communicating door is the side from which the butts are invisible when the door is closed.
7. The outside of twin communicating doors is the space between the two doors.

## BEVEL OF DOOR



A door is beveled when its edge is not at a right angle with the flat surface of the stile. The lock stile edge of a door may be furnished with a beveled edge, in order to allow the door to fit more closely. The lock must have a beveled front to con-

form to the bevel of the door. The bevel is determined by placing a square on the edge of the door and the difference in the measurement between the outside edge and the inside edge determines the bevel; the standard bevel is  $\frac{1}{8}$ " on 2".

Beveled fronts on certain locks are made special and the hand must always be given, as these fronts are not reversible.